# Hellanor:





# Air Top Evo 40 and Air Top Evo 55

Comparison to Air Top Evo 3900 und Air Top Evo 5500





# Differences Air Top 3900/5500 to Air Top Evo 40/55

### **Overview** Improvement in quality and function



Changes Air Top Evo 40/55 vs. Air Top Evo 3900/5500	Benefit and Implementation
New flame detection by exhaust gas temperature sensor	<ul> <li>✓ Patented solution evaluation</li> <li>✓ High accuracy leads to a stable system</li> <li>✓ Improvement in life expectancy</li> <li>✓ "Long-lasting-heating", (long time in the same heating level)</li> </ul>
Increased heating power: 4 kW instead of 3.9 kW	Better argument against the competitor D4 $$ Boost time for EVO 40 extended to 6 hours
Change of fuel pump control (modulated PWM- signal)	$\sqrt{Noise reduction}$
Intelligent blower control	<ul> <li>✓ Reduction of electric power consumption</li> <li>✓ Noise reduction</li> <li>✓ Higher back pressure resistance</li> </ul>
Improved starting logic	Faster start with cold heater
Intelligent low voltage cut-out	V Low voltage cut-out has now been lowered to 9,5V during glowing period. In normal operation it stays at 10,5V to save the battery.
Intelligent altitude adjustment	<ul> <li>✓ Intelligent altitude adjustment (compensation starts only above 600m above sea level</li> <li>→ reduced electrical power consumption</li> </ul>

## **Overview Air Top Evo 40 / 55** Changed components compared to Air Top Evo 3900/5500





## **Comparison of components** Innovative Flame Detection Concept





#### Air Top Evo 40/55



#### **Glow Plug Functions**

- Ignition of the fuel / air mixture
- Flame recognition due to heat input

#### **Glow Plug Function**

• Ignition of the fuel / air mixture

#### **Exhaust Temperature Sensor Function**

• Flame detection via exhaust gas temperature

# **Comparison of components** Electronic Control Unit - ECU





- Control unit in 3 parts, inclusive aluminum cooling element
- Obsolescence of components processors not available anymore
- ECU in 2 parts, better and lighter material
- Better sealing against humidity IP protection class IP5K3
- EMC improvement
- Lead free solder
- No backwards compatibility to Air Top Evo 3900/5500

# **Comparison of components** Electronic Control Unit - ECU



Air Top Evo 3900/5500

- X1 = Connector Burner & Air Heater Fan
- X2 = Connector Glow Plug
- X3 = Connector Overheat Sensor
- X4 = Connector Fuel Pump
- X5 = Connector External Temperature Sensor (resistor if there is no sensor)
- X6 = Connector D+ and Secondary Drive
- X7 = Connector Air Heater Cable Harness

#### Air Top Evo 40/55



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- X4 = Connector Fuel Pump
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- X6 = Connector D+ and Secondary/Auxiliary Drive
- X7 = Connector Air Heater Cable Harness
- X8 = Connector Exhaust Air Temperature Sensor

### **Comparison of components** Modified Components





Additional hole for Exhaust Temperature Sensor cable routing



Additional hole for Exhaust Temperature Sensor cable routing

# Exhaust Air Temperature Sensor



exhaust air temperature sensor

#### Flame detection sensor





Fixation of Exhaust Air Temperature Sensor



- Small adaption on bottom surface to avoide scratching on ECU
- Backwards compatible

#### Holding Plate ATS Cable



Fixation of Exhaust Air Temperature Sensor cable

DP 42: new activation logic of fuel pump





Simplified Schematic picture: Voltage-range within one fuel pump pulse (without overlap of 500 Hz PWM)

#### With Air Top EVO 40/55 not only DP42 is standard but also fuel pump activation has improved:

- Intelligent multistage control:
  - a) Short impulse of full voltage to get piston going
  - b) reduction of voltage to move piston slowly. Piston will softly touch the end stop at slow speed
  - $\rightarrow$  reduced ticking noise!

c) Voltage is increasing to full level. In case of high pressure situation piston is now moving the very last bit until the end stop.

Intelligent blower control





- Step less regulation, fixed blower speed depending on heat output
- Lower electrical power consumption for applications with low to medium back pressure (lower motor speed at same output power)
- Lower noise at regular operation due to lower motor speed
- Improved back pressure resistance for applications with high back pressure level. Motor speed will increase keeping heat output constant.

 $\rightarrow$  Higher availability of the heating power. Heater will reduce output much later than before





AT Evo 3900 P\_el [W] AT Evo 40 P\_el [W]









→ AT Evo 3900 P\_el [W] → AT Evo 40 P\_el [W]



- Absolute more tricky case is when restrictions in flow are present but limited, allowing the heater to start but not running in full operation mode
- In the a.m. case the overheating sensor is "managing the heater" by reducing power avoiding serious troubles to the heater an piping system
- This operating function is instructed to deal with current norms and temporary restriction flow at the outlets
- This particular operation mode is feasible to be detected with the use of the Webasto diagnose only, making very difficult to perceive it
- The heater is operating but is not heating enough..
- That is the customer claim you may get, with no error messages displayed..





- As a reference value for the maximum permissible air ducting, air ducting components have so-called "resistance points" that represent a flow resistance value
- The greater is the resistance point of an air ducting component, more poorly the air flows through it
- Before installing the air ducting system, make sure that the allowed total sum of the resistance points in the main branch is not exceeded (otherwise there is the risk of the heater unit overheating or premature reduction of the heating capacity while the interior has not yet been warmed up)
- Air Top 2000 ST: max. 325 points
- Air Top Evo 3900: max. 550 points
- Air Top Evo 5500: max. 375 points.











Intelligent altitude adjustment



Air Top Evo 3900/5500

#### Standard Altitude adjustment



- Pressure sensor was integrated in selected number of heater variants
- Compensation of thinner air achieved by increasing rpm's of combustion blower motor. This compensation was starting just above sea level going up to 2200m altitude
- This resulted in increased electrical power consumption right above sea level.



- Pressure sensor integrated in all heaters now
- Compensation of thinner air is also achieved by increasing rpm's but it now starts only above 600m altitude. Below this level there is no compensation and thus no increased electrical power demand.

 $\rightarrow$  reduced electrical power consumption particularly at altitude levels below 600m

## **Comparison of functionality** Start Guarantee – Undervoltage threshold

Feel the Dri







- Undervoltage threshold is independent from operating mode
- Undervoltage failure detected if voltage falls below threshold for > 20 sec.

24 V heater = 20,5 V; 12 V heater = 10,5 V

- Overvoltage failure if threshold is higher for > 6 sec.
   24 V heater = 31,0 V; 12 V heater = 16,0 V
- In Marine's a "half full" battery sometimes could not start the heater any more (low voltage failure)
   → customer complaint!

- Undervoltage depends on operating status
- During glow phase amperage is quite high and a voltage loss occurs in supply cables. Measured voltage at control unit is reduced
- During glow phase a second lower voltage threshold at 9,5V (19,5V for 24V heaters) is applied → heater is able to start with "half full" battery. Failure trigger time >6 sec.
- If heater is not glowing the "normal" threshold applies like before in order to protect battery. Failure trigger time > 20 sec.

Extended heating performance, Autoboost



#### Air Top Evo 3900/5500

Manuelly extended heating "Plus"



- Manual activation of the extended heating "Plus" only by operating panel model MC04/05
- Duration: until the desired room temperature is reached or time limit:

60 minutes at Air Top Evo 3900

30 minutes at Air Top Evo 5500

#### Air Top Evo 40/55



Cold start automatic, manually extended heating "plus", Autoboost



- Cold start automatic: heater always starts in boost mode for quick heating of the cabin also with simple knob user interface
- Duration: until the desired room temperature is reached or time limit:

6 hours at the Air Top Evo 40

- 30 minutes at the Air Top Evo 55
- ECO mode still possible with operating panel MC04





# Summary

# New Heater Air Top Evo 40/55 Key facts

#### More Comfort

- More silent operation mode (intelligent blower control reduces air flow if possible & half-stroke pump DP42)
- Auto boost during cold start to 4000/5500 W
- Quicker start of the heater ⇒ Very rapid availability of warm air
- Intelligent altitude adjustment for operation up to 2200m a.s.l

#### More safety and reliability

- Exhaust air temperature sensor for flame detection
- New low voltage protections ensures a longer usage of the battery capacity

#### More Efficiency

- Robust and powerful with 1,5 to 4 kW / 5,5 kW
- Boost time of the EVO 40 has been increased from 30 min to 6 hrs. This will help us in reaching heat up targets of EN 1646
- High product quality with high life time (4000 operating hours)
- Lower electrical energy consumption: up to 30% energy saving due to intelligent blower speed control and intelligent altitude adjustment compared to Air Top EVO 3900









# **Benchmark with Eberspächer Airtronic D4**

# **Benchmark Eberspächer Airtronic D4**

## Overview results, 24V



	Airtronic D4	Air Top Evo 40
Size & weight	(Length x width x height): 371 x 140 x 150 [mm] (Weight): 4.7 [kg]	(Length x width x height): 423 x 148 x 162 [mm] (Weight): 5.9 [kg]
Heating power control behaviour	In 4 steps	Without steps, sliding output control with intelligent automatic function for low power consumption
Heating power control range	In the range from 0.9 – 3.9 kW	In the range from 1.5 to 4 kW
Heating at high altitudes	Height adjustment over 1500m only with additional air pressure sensor possible	Height adjustment up to 2200m automatically ensured with integrated air pressure sensor
Variability of mounting positions	Horizontal, tilted forward 30°, rotated 90° to the right No vertical installation possible	Horizontal, tilted forward 90°(vertical installation), rotated 90 ° to the right and left
Heating flame detection / monitoring	Flame detection by combined sensor (flame sensor/overheating sensor)	Flame detection by exhaust gas temperature sensor. Stable operation and improved continuous heating behavior
Compliance with legal requirements	Short-term exceeding of the outlet temperature of 150° C.	Limits according to Directive 2001/56/EC are met.